

VIVEKANANDA STUDY CENTRE (PUBLIC SERVICES)

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MODEL QUESTION PAPER FOR ENTRANCE EXAM TO BE HELD ON 25-12-2014

Current Events

- 1. Which Indian citizen received Nobel Prize this year for his struggle against suppression of children?
 - (A) Baba Amte
 - (B) Anna Hazare
 - (C) Maneka Gandhi
 - (D) Kailash Sathyarthi
- 2. Who won 2014 Macau Open Grand Prix Gold Badminton Title?
 - (A) P V Sindhu
 - (B) Saina Nehawal
 - (C) Parupalli Kashyap
 - (D) Jwala Gutta
- 3. Which one of the following kingdoms was founded by Raja Odeyar?
 - (A) Tanjore
 - (B) Jenji
 - (C) Mysore
 - (D) Madura
- 4. Under which symbol Aaam aadmi party contested Lokasabha elections in 2014?
 - (A) Nehru cap
 - (B) Cycle
 - (C) Broom
 - (D) Lamp
- 5. Who is the present Central Railway minister in Indian government?
 - (A) Manohar Parikkar
 - (B) Nithin Gadkari
 - (C) Suresh Prabhu

(D) Sadanada Gowda Who is the chief minister of Tamilnadu? 6. (A) Pannerselavam (B) Jayalalitha (C) Karunanidhi (D) Sudhakaran Sachin tendulkar was awarded "Bharth Rathna" recently. Which scientist received 7. Bhartha Rathna along with him? (A) C.N.R. Rao (B) Abdul Kalam (C) Kasturirangan (D) Subbiah Arunan 8. How many members are nominated by the president to the Rajya Sabha? (A) 12 (B) 250 (C) 238 (D) 20 How many states are there in India? 9. (A) 07(B) 29 (C) 22(D) 30 How many BJP MPs were elected in recent Lokasabha elections? 10. (A) 282(B) 293 (C) 228(D) 272 **History of India** 11. Which one of the following battles was fought between Babar and the Rajputs in 1527 ?

(A) The First Battle of Panipat(B) The Battle of Khanwa(C) The Battle of Ghagra(D) The Battle of Chanderi

| 12. | The Sarvodaya Movement was started by— (A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Jayprakash Narayan (C) Vinoba Bhave (D) Datta Dharmodhikari |
|-----|---|
| 13. | The temples of Khajuraho were built by— (A) Chandelas (B) Pallavas (C) Chalukayas (D) Qutubuddin |
| 14. | In 1585 Akbar shifted his capital to— (A) Kabul (B) Lahore (C) Fatehpur Sikri (D) Multan |
| 15. | Haidar Ali established his autho-rity over the State of Mysore in |
| 16. | Who was the founder of the Widow Remarriage Association in the 19th century? (A) Raja Rammohan Roy (B) Vishnu Shastri Pandit (C) Ramabai (D) Gopal Hari Deshmukh |
| 17. | Kurukshetra, the battlefield of historic importance, is located in which state of India? (A) Bihar (B) Haryana (C) Madhyapradesh (D) Rajasthan |
| 18. | After the Kalinga War King Ashoka followed (A) Hinduism (B) Jainism (C) Budhism |

| | (D) None of the above |
|-----|--|
| 19. | Mahatma Gandhi was referred to as the "father of the nation" first by whom? (A) Rabindranath Tagore (B) Jawaharlal Nehru (C) Balgangadhar Thilak (D) Subhash Chandra Bose |
| 20. | Who were the first Europeans to come to India for their trades? (A) Portuguese (B) Dutch (C) British (D) French |
| 21. | Who has been refereed in history as "an starred idealist" or "an intelligent fool"? (A) Mohammad Bin Tughlaq (B) Aurangajeb (C) Akbar the great (D) Shahjahan |
| 22. | The silver coins of the Gupta period were known as— (A) Dinar (B) Rupyaka (C) Satamana (D) Karsharpana |
| 23. | Who founded Vijayanagara ? (A) Krishnadevaraya (B) Ashoka (C) Bimbisara (D) Hakka Bukka |
| 24. | 'Daskumar Charitam' was composed by— (A) Surdas (B) Dandin (C) Tulsidas (D) Kalidas |
| 25. | The Khalji Sultans of Delhi were oforgin (A) Mongols (B) Europe (C) Turks (D) A Jat tribe |

| 26. | Who abolished Iqta system? (A) Babur (B) Mohammad-bin-Tughlaq (C) Iltutmish (D) Alauddin Khalji |
|-----|--|
| 27. | 'Kumarasambhavam', an epic, was composed by— (A) Banabhatta (B) Chandbardai (C) Harisen (D) Kalidasa |
| 28. | To which dynasty did Ashoka belong? (A) Vardhana (B) Maurya (C) Kushan (D) Gupta |
| 29. | Who constructed Sanchi Stupa ? (A) Chandragupta (B) Kautilya (C) Gautam Buddha (D) Ashoka |
| 30. | The historian Abul Fazl was killed by– (A) Hemu (B) Bairam Khan (C) Uday Singh (D) Bir Singhdeo Bundela |
| 31. | Who was known as 'The Grand Old Man of India'? (A) B.G. Tilak (B) G.K. Gokhale (C) Mahatma Gandhi (D) Dadabhai Naoroji |
| 32. | Who was the first chief minister of Karnataka? (A) K C Reddy (B) K C Rama (C) K C Giri (D) Deraj Urs |

- 33. Ashoka called the third Buddist council at—
 - (A) Kalibangan
 - (B) Pataliputra
 - (C) Magadha
 - (D) Sarnath

Indian National Movement

- 34. Who is known as the Iron Man of India?
 - (A) Subhash Chandra Bose
 - (B) Sardar Vallabhabhai Patel
 - (C) Bal Gangadhar Thilak
 - (D) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- 35. Name the famous person of India who returned the Knighthood conferred on him by the British Government as a token of protest against the atrocities in Punjab in 1919?
 - (A) Subhash Chandra Bose
 - (B) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (C) Bal Gangadhar Thilak
 - (D) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- 36. Who transformed Shivaji and Ganapathi festival into a national festival?
 - (A) Subhash Chandra Bose
 - (B) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (C) Bal Gangadhar Thilak
 - (D) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- 37. Who was the founder of the Indian Association?
 - (A) Dababhai Naoroji
 - (B) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - (C) A. O. Hume
 - (D) Surendranath Banerjee
- 38. Who had founded the Independent League?
 - (A) Moti Lal Nehru
 - (B) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (C) Ras Behari Bose
 - (D) Lala Lajpat Rai

| 39. | Gandhi Irwin pact was in— |
|-----|---|
| | (A) 15 March 1929 |
| | (B) 28 March 1935 (C) 5 March 1931 |
| | (C) 3 March 1931 (D) 10 March 1927 |
| | (D) 10 Water 1927 |
| 40. | The first Defence Minister of India was- |
| | (A) K M Cariappa |
| | (B) Gopalaswami Aiyangar |
| | (C) Baldev Singh |
| | (D) Sardar Patel |
| 41. | Mahajanapada situated on the bank of river Godawari was- |
| | (A) Avanti |
| | (B) Vatsa |
| | (C) Assaka |
| | (D) Kamboja |
| 42. | Who was the founder of Nanda dynasty? |
| | (A) Bimbisara |
| | (B) Mahapadmananda |
| | (C) Ajatasatru |
| | (D) Dhanananda |
| 12 | Evention Candhi was the nickness of |
| 43. | Frontier Gandhi was the nickname of— |
| | (A) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan(B) Vinoba Bhave |
| | |
| | (C) None of these (C) Mahatma Gandhi |
| | (D) Manatina Gandin |
| 44. | Who founded the Indian National Congress? |
| | (A) A. O. Hume |
| | (B) Sardar Patel |
| | (C) Subhash Chandra Bose |
| | (D) W.C. Bannerjee |
| 45. | The Revolt of 1857 was— |
| - • | (A) A British conspiracy |
| | (B) A revolt by rulers and landlords |
| | (C) The first war of independence |
| | (D) A sepoy mutiny |

India and world Geography

| 46. | Srinagar, the summer capital of Jammu and Kashmir is situated on the bank of the river |
|-----|--|
| | (D) Yamuna |
| 47. | Which state of India is surrounded by Bangladesh on three sides? |
| | (A) Tripura |
| | (B) West Bengal |
| | (C) Bihar |
| | (D) Orissa |
| 48. | Madhya Pradesh shares its border with how many states? |
| | (A) 3 |
| | (B) 4 |
| | (C) 5 |
| | (D) 6 |
| 49. | There is a traditional flower arrangement called "Athapoo". In which festival is this used? (A) Deepawali (B) Dasara (C) Onam |
| | (D) Holi |
| | |
| 50. | In which district do you find Krishnaraja Sagar dam? |
| | (A) Mandya |
| | (B) Mysore |
| | (C) Coorg |
| | (D) Hasan |
| 51. | The Dilwara Temple is located at— (A) Bhubaneswar (B) Aurangabad (C) Khajuraho (D) Mout Abu |
| | (2) |

| 52. | Alamathi dam is being built over which river? (A) Krishna (B) Godavari (C) Narmada (D) Mahanadi |
|-------|--|
| 53. | Which is the land (state) of five rivers in India? (A) Punjab (B) Madhyapradesh (C) Arunachal Pradesh (D) Jammu and Kashmir |
| 54. | Which name did Subhash Chandra Bose give to Andaman and Nicobar Islands? (A) Andaman (B) Kalapani (C) Black Hole (D) Prisoners world |
| 55. | assumed the title of 'Vikramaditya'. (A) Ashoka (B) Chandragupta (C) Kanishka (D) Semudraqupta II |
| 56. | The origin of Indus is in— (A) Mansarovar (B) Kailash (C) Kashmir (D) None of these |
| 57. | Anna Hazare worked as a (A) District Court Judge (B) Municipality member (C) Military soldier (D) Teacher |
| India | n Politics and Governance – Constitution, Language |
| 58. | Kuchipudi dance originated in— |
| | (A) Orissa |
| | (B) Karnataka |
| | (C) Kerala |
| | (D) Andhra Pradesh |

| 59. | The words 'Satyameva Jayate' in the State Emblem of India, have been adopted from which one of the following? (A) Brahma Upanishad (B) Mudgala Upanishad (C) Maitreyi Upanishad (D) Mundaka Upanishad |
|-----|---|
| 60. | Who is the present Chief Justice of Supreme Court? (A) Rajendra Lodha (B) H L Dattu (C) P Sathasivam (D) Atlamas Kabir |
| 61. | The late Nirmala Desh Pande was a famous— (A) diplomat (B) astrologer (C) social activist (D) film-star |
| 62. | Which was the first news paper started in Karnataka? (A) Karnataka Vruttanta (B) Mangaluru Vruttanta (C) Mangaluru Samachara (D) Mangaluru Dainika |
| 63. | The Constitution of India came into force on— (A) December 9, 1946 (B) January 26, 1949 (C) January 26,1950 (D) November 26,1951 |
| 64. | Which one of the following Indian languages does not have a Dravidian Origin? (A) Kannada (B) Marathi (C) Malayalam (D) Telugu |
| 65. | Shape of Indian parliament building is (A) Oval (B) Circle (C) Square (D) Rectangle |

| 66. | How many members are nominated by the president of Rajya Sabha? (A) 12 (B) 13 (C) 14 (D) 15 |
|------|---|
| 67. | Who wrote the poem "Sare Jahaan se Achha"? (A) Mohammed Iqbal (B) Rabindranath Tagore (C) Bamkim Chandra Chaterjee (D) Kuvempu |
| 68. | Tenali Ram was a courtier of which famous King? (A) Shri Krishna Devaraya (B) Harshavardhana (C) Ramaraya (D) Vikramaditya |
| 69. | Who is the author of 'India Wins Freedom'? (A) Dominique Lapierre (B) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan (C) Maulana Azad (D) Jawaharlal Nehru |
| Econ | omic and Social Development |
| 70. | PARAM was develop by- (A) C-DAC (B) IIT Kanpur (C) BARC (D) IIT Delhi |
| 71. | The economist who was the Prime minister of India for two times is (A) Indira Gandhi (B) A.B. Vajapeye (C) Manamohan Singh (D) Rajiv Gandhi |
| 72. | What name is given to India's first surface to air missile? (A) Pruthvi (B) Agni (C) Akash (D) Khipani |

- 73. What is TADA?
 - (A) Terrorist And Disruptive Activities
 - (B) Tax Added Divisional Act
 - (C) Time Activated Double Arc
 - (D) Tool And Drive Act
- 74. On August 11 parliament passed the Bihar Organization Bill 2000 for the action of a new state. Which is that state?
 - (A) Mizoram
 - (B) Goa
 - (C) Telangana
 - (D) Jharkand
- 75. NABARD stands for
 - (A) National Bank for Agricultural and Rural Development
 - (B) National Bank for Aerospace and Regional Defense.
 - (C) National Bank And Reservation Department.
 - (D) None of these
- 76. Who was the President of the Constituent Assembly of Independent India?
 - (A) Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar
 - (B) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - (C) C. Rajagopalchari
 - (D) K.M. Munshi
- 77. Which bank in India performs duties of Central Bank?
 - (A) Central Bank of India
 - (B) State Bank of India
 - (C) both 'a' and 'b'
 - (D) Reserve Bank of India
- 78. Who was the Chairman of the Union Power Committee of Constituent Assembly of India?
 - (A) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
 - (B) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
 - (C) Sir Alladi Krishnaswami Ayyar
 - (D) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
- 79. The highest goal in Buddhism is—
 - (A) Nirvana
 - (B) Madhyama Marga
 - (C) Vinaya
 - (D) Atmavad

Environmental Ecology

(A) One-fourth

80.

| | (B) One-half |
|-----|--|
| | (C) Two-third |
| | (D) Three-fifth |
| 81. | What type of waves are seismic waves? |
| | (A) Mechanical |
| | (B) Non Mechanical |
| | (C) Electromagnetic |
| | (D) Matter waves |
| 82. | The clouds float in the atmosphere because of their low- |
| | (A) Velocity |
| | (B) Pressure |
| | (C) Density |
| | (D) Temperature |
| 83. | The lower layer atmosphere is known as— |
| | (A) Troposphere |
| | (B) Stratosphere |
| | (C) Ozonosphere |
| | (D) Thermosphere |
| 84. | The visible part of the sun's surface is called |
| | (A) Isosphere |
| | (B) Photosphere |
| | (C) Hydrosphere |
| | (D) Mesosphere |
| | |
| 85. | The PSLV launching pad is situated at |
| | (A) Thiruvananthapuram |
| | (B) Balyalu |
| | (C) Sri Harikota |
| | (D) Hasan |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

The portion of the earth's surface covered with water is roughly-

General Science Physics.

| 86. | A star which appears 'blue' is— |
|-----|--|
| | (A) Cooler than the moon |
| | (B) Hotter than the sun |
| | (C) As hot as the sun |
| | (D) Cooler than the sun |
| 87. | If stars are seen to rise perpendicular to the horizon by an observer, he is located |
| | on the— |
| | (A) Equator |
| | (B) Tropic of cancer |
| | (C) South pole |
| | (D) North pole |
| | |
| 88. | Which one of the following metals has the highest density? |
| | (A) Gold |
| | (B) Iron |
| | (C) Platinum |
| | (D) Lead |
| 89. | Cloudy nights are warmer compared to clear cloudless nights, because clouds— |
| 0). | (A) Prevent cold waves from the sky from descending on earth |
| | (B) Reflect back the heat given off by earth |
| | (C) Produce heat and radiate it towards earth |
| | (D) Absorb heat from the atmosphere and send it towards earth |
| | |
| 90. | Who is the founder of ISRO? |
| | (A) E Radhakrishnan |
| | (B) U.R.Rao |
| | (C) Vikram Sarabhai |
| | (D) Sathish Dhavan |
| | |
| 91. | ich are the only three consecutive numbers forming a Pythagorean triplet? |
| | (A) 1,2,3 |
| | (B) 2,3,4 |
| | (C) 3,4,5 |
| | (D) 12,13,14 |
| | |
| | |

| 92. | Who named Mysore University as "Manasa Gangothri"? (A) D.R. Bendre (B) Krishnaraja Vodeyar (C) Kuvempu (D) Devaraj Aras |
|------|---|
| Bota | ny and Zoology |
| 93. | Which organ in the human body does not grow after birth? |
| | (A) Nose (B) Ears (C) Eyes (D) Fingers |
| 94. | How many pair of wings a butterfly has? (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 |
| 95. | Which of the following organ develops first? (A) Liver (B) Heart (C) Notochord (D) Kidneys |
| 96. | Outermost covering of brain is— (A) Choroid (B) Arachnoid (C) Duramater (D) All of these |
| 97. | A person cannot grasp the meaning of sequences of letters, words or symbols or the concept of direction. He is suffering from |
| | (A) Dyslexia.(B) Memory Loss(C) Down syndrome(D) None of these |

Chemistry

| 98. | Of the following name/symbol combinations of elements, which one is WRONG? (A) uranium -U (B) Iron-I (C) nitrogen -N (D) potassium –K | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| 99. | The chemical symbol for manganese is (A) Mn (B) Mo (C) Ma (D) Mg | |
| 100. | A nucleus does not contain (A) Electrons (B) Mesons (C) Protons (D) Neutrinos | |
| General Knowledge | | |
| 101. | The tutor of Alexander the great was— (A) Darius (B) Cyrus (C) Socrates (D) Aristotle | |
| 102. | Duleep Trophy is associated with the game of— (A) Hockey (B) Badminton (C) Football (D) Cricket | |
| 103. | Durand Cup is associated with— (A) Hockey (B) Table Tennis (C) Football (D) Cricket | |

| 104. | Pt. Mallikarjun Mansoor was a– (A) Violinist (B) Vocalist (C) Sitar player (D) Table player |
|------|--|
| 105. | Who was Dr. Salim Ali– (A) Sericulturist (B) Geologist (C) Space scientist (D) Ornithologist |
| 106. | The term 'Butterfly Stroke' is associated with— (A) Kabaddi (B) Wrestling (C) Swimming (D) Rowing |
| 107. | Which keys enable the input of numbers quickly? (A) Function keys (B) The numeric keypad (C) Ctrl, Shift and Alt (D) Arrow keys |
| 108. | Who was called the "Nightingale of Karnatic Music"? (A) B.R. Chaya (B) B.K. Sumithra (C) S. Janaki (D) M.S. Subbalakshmi |
| 109. | The lowest layer of atmosphere is called |
| 110. | Which is the highest national award for a coach? (A) Arjuna Award (B) Ekalavya Award (C) Dronacharya Award (D) Padmabhushana Award |

| 111. | Rangaswamy cup is associated with which game? (A) Foot Ball (B) Tennis (C) Kabaddi (D) Hockey |
|------|---|
| 112. | That's one small step for man, oneleap for mankind". Fill the missing word. (A) Big (B) Huge (C) Giant (D) special |
| 113. | Who is the first Indian to fly in space? (A) Kalpana Chawla (B) Rakesh Sharma (C) Sunitha Williams (D) Yuri Gagarin |
| 114. | Who was the first Asian to receive any Nobel Prize in the sciences? (A) Sir C V Raman (B) Satyendra Nath Bose (C) Rabindranath Tagore (D) S Chandrashekhar |
| 115. | Name the gas which killed many people at a pesticide plant in Bhopal on the night of December 3, 1984 (A) Carbon isocyanate (B) Carbon dioxide (C) methyl isocyanate (D) none of the above |
| 116. | Which company is behind the Bhopal Gas trajedy? (A) Union Spice Company (B) Union Carbide Company (C) Bhopal Chemicals (D) none of the above |
| 117. | What is MOM in connection with Mangalyan? (A) Mars Orbit Moon (B) Moon On Mars (C) Man Orbiting Mars (D) Mars Orbiter Machine |

| 118. | Who is the present chairman of ISRO? (A) E. Arunan (B) Dr. Sathish Kumar (C) Sathish Dhawan (D) K Radhakrishnan |
|------|--|
| 119. | In which year did the First World War begin? (A) 1914 (B) 1947 (C) 1941 (D) 1945 |
| 120. | "I have nothing to offer but blood, toil, tears and sweat" – Who said this? (A) Adolf Hitler (B) Winston Churchill (C) Abraham Lincoln (D) Subhash Chandra Bose |
| 121. | Which country is called "the land of rising sun"? (A) Srilanka (B) Egypt (C) Argentina (D) Japan |
| 122. | Which is the biggest desert in the world? (A) Arabian Desert (B) Sahara desert (C) Antarctica Desert (D) Central Desert |
| 123. | Which is the largest coffee growing country in the world? (A) Argentina (B) Colombia (C) Brazil (D) Guyana |
| 124. | Which is the longest river in the world? (A) Nile (B) Amazon (C) Ganga (D) Godavari |

| 125. | Which is the highest mountain in the world? (A) Kanchanajunga |
|------|--|
| | (B) Cho yu |
| | (C) Dhavalagiri |
| | (D) Everest |
| | (D) Everest |
| 126. | Indians call their nation as 'Bharath'. How do Japanese call? |
| | (A) Nippon |
| | (B) Sayanora |
| | (C) Suzuki |
| | (D) samurai |
| 127. | The New York City earlier was known as |
| | (A) Washington |
| | (B) New Amsterdam |
| | (C) Nippon |
| | (D) None of these |
| | |
| 128. | Which is the national flower of Britain |
| | (A) Lotus |
| | (B) Hibiscus |
| | (C) Sunflower |
| | (D) Rose |
| 129. | Sri Lanka was earlier known as |
| 12). | (A) Colombo |
| | (B) Jafna |
| | (C) Dashapeetha |
| | (D) Ceylon |
| | |
| 130. | UNO stands for |
| | (A) Unified Nations Organisations |
| | (B) United Nations Organization. |
| | (C) Unified Natural Organisation. |
| | (D) Unified Natural Observations. |
| | |
